

Semi-Weekly Interior Journal.

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NO. 113.

Semi-Weekly Interior Journal

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—AT—
82 PER ANNUM, CASH.

understood if we credit that \$2.50 will be expected and demanded.

W. P. WALTON.



GEORGE VEST TRIPLETT

THE present editor of the Frankfort *Capital*, Hon George Vest Triplett, was born in that city January 30, 1856, and is a son of Hon. R. S. Triplett, now State Senator from the Owensboro district. After attending the Owensboro schools, Mr. Triplett went to College at Lexington during the session of 1874-5 and afterwards entered Central University at Richmond, where he graduated both in the University and Law School. Entered the senior class of Yale College in 1876, but afterwards returned to Richmond and was admitted to the bar in June, 1876. Returning to Owensboro, he practiced his profession till 1879, when he became assistant editor of the *Examiner* newspaper there. In 1880 he went to Washington and for a time held an editorial position on the *Daily Post*, but returned to Owensboro the same year, and the following year established the *Post*, which he edited till 1883, and made a most excellent paper. He was elected to the Legislature of 1881-2 and again in 1882-3. From 1884 till October, 1885, he was business manager of the Frankfort *Capital* and since the latter date its editor, the other duties of its former editor, Dr. John D. Woods, requiring his entire attention.

Possessed naturally of an exceedingly bright mind, the liberal educational advantages which he has enjoyed, have been fully improved and as a legislator and as an editor he has won distinction even before leaving his twenties. In disposition he is generous, brave and true, loved by his friends and respected by his enemies. The high estimation in which he is held by his party at large is shown by the fact that young as he is he has been a member of the State Central Committee since 1883. He is a nephew of U. S. Senator Vest, of Missouri, and was named for him. In 1884 he was married to Miss Nannie N. Beckham, of Bardstown, a young lady of great beauty and attractiveness and they are, we learn, apparently as happy as mortals ever get.

It is arrant nonsense to talk of working convicts so as not to compete with outside labor. No matter what they may be worked at they will be brought into competition with honest labor. If they should be put to loosing they would compete with a large number of citizens. Why should they not compete with miners as well as manufacturers, masons, carpenters or road-builders? As a matter of fact there is more coal in eastern Kentucky than the whole population of the State could mine in 50 years and there is no reason why convicts' labor should not help develop the resources of that section. It is our understanding that all miners who want work find ready employment and there is still room for more workers. If a few of the fellows who are defying the laws of the Commonwealth could be themselves turned into convicts, there would soon be stop put to this foolishness.—[South Kentuckian.]

LINCOLN HALL.—The erection of this magnificent structure at Berea is progressing rapidly. It is to be a part of the college and will contain a room for the Y. M. C. A., and a department of geology and mineralogy, besides recitation rooms. The building will be four stories high, of brick, and is to cost \$30,000. Mr. Smith, president of the Century Publishing Co., New York, donated \$10,000 to the Hall. The architecture is entirely different from anything in this country.—[Richmond Register.]

ONE HAPPY EDITOR.—The LeConte pear trees are in full bloom and give promise of an immense yield of fruit. The peach trees are covered with blossoms; many acres of watermelons are being planted; blackberries promise to be plentiful. As we sit in our chair and build air castles and railroads and big hotels, and think of all the good things in store for us, we do not care if our shoes are out at the toes.—[Quotidian (G.) Free Press.]

The ex-husband of Horace Greeley's daughter might as well quit chasing the Anderson. Our peerless American tragedienne will never consent to be called "Molly Smith."

It is said by one who has tried it that cayenne pepper sprinkled upon hot犬nels will afford instant relief to persons troubled with neuralgia.

GEO. O. BARNES.

'Praise the Lord. God is Love and Nothing Else.'

BENARES, INDIA, Feb. 10, 1886.

[CONTINUED FROM LAST ISSUE.]

Our bright boy Captain (he is only 19, with the down just prettily peeping from upper lip and chin) is very communicative, and answers all our questions with perfect frankness. He doesn't seem to know how very handsome he is, and what faultless teeth he displays, every time his finely curved lips break into pleasant smile. He has such refined features, that they are almost womanly in their beauty, only he never gives us the idea of effeminacy in his make up, for his stature is thoroughly manly and his eye is an eagle's.

I want my readers to know him, for (D. V.) he will yet appear again and again in our subsequent lives, as he has promised to write to me regularly, and I hope much, from future correspondence with so intelligent a young man, who seems really thirsty for knowledge of the best things—though, as yet, he knows not in what direction they are to be found.

He tells us as we sail slowly up the mighty river, that the great Hindoo Rajah spends large sums at Benares every year, even when they live afar off. For example—his own Suvaran feeds 1,000 Brahmins and other poor daily—the year round; 500 of the higher caste paupers, and 500 of the lower. Then, the Rajah of Gwalior (or Scindiah as he is generally called) feeds 1,000 more, of the Benares in pecuniuous. The Rajah of Indore (Holkar by name) also feeds 800 more. And so on. It is quite an easy going thing—to be pauperized in Benares. It is their boast in the holy city, that no poverty stricken one need go to bed hungry within her sacred limits.

At suitable intervals, along the line of bathing ghauts, there are two burning ghauts—or places of cremation for Hindoo dead. In one a body was fiercely burning as we passed. In the upper one—half a mile further up stream—another body had just been reduced to ashes. No day passes without the repetition of this disgusting rite. The smell of the roasting flesh is simply horrible. The Captain gave full particulars of the *modus operandi*, as we passed them. How the body, anointed with ghee (clarified butter) is, with many ceremonies, placed on the funeral pile, which is lighted by the nearest relative. How the soul is fed with milk and rice, seven times, during the process of cremation. How for 13 days it is still thus nourished, in different places, each day, until the funeral services are thus completed. How the fires are extinguished by Ganges water when the body is consumed, and how not a moment is lost after death has followed life, before the cremation takes place.

We were, at last, after much, most instructive chat, carried beyond the limits of the Holy City. A nullah or "gully" cleaving the steep bluff—divides the "sacred" from the "profane." One part is called Bunnoo—the other Ussar; and our Captain avers that it is the corruption of these two mingled words that gives the city its name. Bunnoo-usuar first; then Bunnusar; then Bunnur; lastly, Benares. Philology plays strange pranks with names, as we all know, and this sounds as plausible as many transformations that are accepted as genuine.

Afterwards the captain took us still further up the river—about two miles—to Bannuzgar, whereon his Rajah lives, in a fort of imposing front, on the right bank of the Ganges. Consequently on the opposite side from Benares. The day was perfect, for a boat ride—the gentle breeze fanning us pleasantly, as, protected by a thick awning from the hot sun, we enjoyed the glorious prospect without a drawback.

Rainagur fort is the ancient residence of the Benares rulers, and the present successor to the throne has a revenue of 73 laks (or \$3,650,000 dollars) which he dispenses as he chooses. There is no nation on earth but Israel-Brutus, who would allow such "plums" to lie untasted, while, themselves, in real strife to make the "two ends" of an expensive government "meet." And this Rajah is only one of a numerous class; though most are not so wealthy as he.

It is this exhibition of real honesty—that natives can better, than any, understand; who know, from history, what their own people would do under the circumstances—that gives Britain such a grip on these conquered peoples. Hated personally—trusted implicitly. This is the anomaly that meets one at every turn. These haughty conquerors are not robbers, at any rate like so many others, whom it might be invidious to name. And an Oriental stare in open mouthed wonder at one who can and yet does not rob, because it is wrong to do so.

I declare, that I have no thought of boot-licking—for, personally, I can't say I have a drawing towards Ephraim, nor will have, till he changes mightily—but, I have no end of admiration for my "kinsmen according to the flesh," when I think of their sterling integrity.

Well, we had a most delightful visit to the Rajah's fort and palace. A few of his 75 elephants were brought down to the river to water as we drew near the landing and the use of their wonderful trucks as exhausted receives, and squirts in turn,

while they satisfied their colossal thirst was very amusing. To see one huge brute, in an ecstasy of enjoyment, lying on his side, in the water, with the exposed surface of unsubmerged hide, vigorously shampooed by his groom, was a peep into an unknown world of elephantine elysium. What giant joys these monsters know; what immensity of pains and aches; what colossal sentiments and passions; what Titanic loves and hates—who can guess them, without getting into a skin like Jumbo's and feeling as elephants do. I confess, always, to a feeling of awe in an elephant's presence. Their eyes have such an awfully human look, as if an imprisoned Goliath resided in the huge frame, and they have such strangely intelligent ways about them, so full of human reason, that I always get on the back of one to ride half apologetically, as though I were taking an unauthorized liberty, that needed some explanation—if, only, one knew how to offer it.

Perhaps this is wasted sentiment. I shall not defend it. These great creatures may have a nature no larger than a dog's or cat's, but it takes more than faith to take in the fact. Credulity alone can swallow such a conclusion. Now don't imagine some heresy in this, dear reader. I only assert the difference between little and big of the lower animal orders.

The Captain took us, with evident pride, over the palace. It is spacious and handsomely, though gaudily furnished. In the grand reception hall where the variously colored glass chandeliers, that almost fill the upper part of the room, were the most marked attraction—there was in every corner a musical box that played in imitation of the songs of bright colored images of birds, flitting among the branches of an artificial tree. They were very pretty and ingeniously wrought. French constructions I think.

Our stroll through the handsome rooms was followed by a view from the upper verandah where the Rajah loves to sit in the evening and enjoy the glorious landscape Benares, across the river, two or three miles below; fields and groves, of emerald green, opposite the fort; the royal sweep of the Ganges in the reaches both above and below; I don't know a more attractive prospect of the kind than the one we feasted our eyes upon from His Highness' palace verandah.

To crown all, the courteous sovereign vouchsafed an interview even unmasked. We did not wish to embarrass our dear Captain by asking a favor he might not be able to grant, so we had not requested this pleasure though we wanted it more than even a sight of the palace. But it was given by the dear LORD, in his own generous way; who wanted His children to enjoy their visit to this city, to the utmost. So we saw His Majesty. The Rajah is a perfectly quiet gentleman in person, slightly built; a young man of 25, perhaps; speaking English brokenly; and to us, most condescend and courteous. He shook hands when we were introduced, all round, and again, when, after a few words, we took our leave. We shall always bear with us a most pleasing remembrance of the brief interview, and of His Highness' great courtesy.

Leaving the fort, by the water gate, we boarded our "sidewheeler" once more, and crossed the river, where the Rajah's carriages—two—were in waiting. These bore us swiftly to the city and our Hotel.

The Rajah's gardener brought us cut flowers from his city garden, and the next morning the two carriages were again in waiting, betimes, to take us through the city. There is nothing to be seen in Benares after the ghauts are visited. The temples are by the thousand but none of them attractive. Hindoo architecture is not to my taste, after seeing the stately structures of Akbar and Shah Jehan.

The "Golden Temple," is the most famous of the shrines. It is a sloopy, filthy enclosure, with hideous idols inside the central pile, above which rises a pointed cupola covered with gilding. The original "Golden Temple" was doubtless grand. Aurungzib—the fanatical son of Shah Jehan—and the great iconoclast of the Moghul Dynasty—razed it—not quite to the ground—and, over its ruins, built a mosque, which still stands. The relic of the old temple, peeping out of the lower story of the mosque, tell, somewhat, the story of its ancient elaborate magnificence. But even, if it stood uninjured, it could never rise above the inherent defects of the architecture, of which it was only a splendid specimen. That is so hopelessly mean and puny, that no amount of ornamentation can redeem it.

Hardly a Hindoo Temple in India is worth a second look. You can never study them like Moammedans (Isaacish) structures. You may look at the Taj a thousand times and find a new beauty every time, unobserved before.

There, there is so much grease and water, in the Hindoo worship, that a popular shun is a synonym for excessive filth. Oloeginous untidiness, above; slop under foot; hideous noise of voices and uncouth instruments; disgusting orgies; in short everything to repel and absolutely nothing attractive. This idol worship is in striking contrast with the decorous quiet of Mohammedan prayers and cleanly prostrations in their tidily kept masjids. Though, religious sites apart, I think the Hindoo far more attractive than the Mussulman. I don't wonder that the earlier reformers of idol-worship, in disgust of the noisy and irrational hubbub of an idol temple, chose

With 10 Acres of Land attached, 1 mile west of Lancaster. The house is good, so are the out houses. There is a good orchard, &c. Terms equal to cash. Address me at Lancaster, Look Log 30. 100-11 R. R. NOEL.

FOR SALE.

Desiring to change my residence, I offer for sale My Beautiful Suburban Home.

STANFORD, KY., TUESDAY, APRIL 6, 1886.

NO. 113.

IT BEATS AUCTION PRICES.

Everything is away down at

POWERS' DRY GOODS STORE

THE PRETTIEST AND BEST CALICOES

Ever brought to town at 5 cents per yard; Comfort Calicoes 3c, in good, dark styles. 15c Worsted 10c.

CHEAP COUNTER!

Almost everything that was 10c and 15c before the auction is now on this counter at 5c. This includes Ladies', Men's and Children's Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Fine Linen Collars for Men and Boys and Ladies' Collars; 3 papers Pins for 5c.

Fifteen Cents' Worth of almost anything for five cents, and all of next week you will find it so.

Fine Linen Shirt Bosoms, worth 25c, for 5c. All kinds of fancy things that were 15c to 25c are no 5 cents.

IT CAN'T LAST FOREVER,

So come within ten days from this date and a dollar will go as far as five dollars originally would.

Swift's Specific

H. K. TAYLOR,

OF LOGAN COUNTY, is a candidate for the office of Superintendent of Public Instruction, sub ct to the Democratic State Convention.

Valuable Mill Property for Sale

The property known as the Hustonville Flouring Mills will be offered for sale to the highest and best bidder, on

Saturday, April 10th, 1886.

This property is new, commodiously located at Hustonville, Lincoln county, Ky., in a fine farming region; runs two sets of flour burs and one set corn do; is furnished with ample machinery and later appliances and is capable of doing large and excellent work.

The sale will be positive. Terms made known on day of sale.

W. H. SMITH,

President Hustonville Mill Co.

KENTUCKY CENTRAL R. R.

"Blue-Grass Route."

Shortest and Quickest Route from Central Kentucky to all Points North, East, West and Southwest.

Fast Line Between—

LEXINGTON & CINCINNATI

Schedule in Effect Oct. 11, 1885.

SOUTH-BOUND.	No. 6.	No. 4.	No. 12.
Ex. Sun.	Daily	Ex. Sun.	Daily
Lve. Covington.....	8 10 a.m	8 10 p.m	2 00 p.m
" Falmouth.....	9 55 a.m	9 34 p.m	2 32 p.m
" Cynthia.....	11 02 a.m	10 29 p.m	4 37 p.m
Arr. Frankfort.....	12 00 p.m	11 00 p.m	5 17 p.m
" Lexington.....	12 57 p.m		7 25 p.m
Lve. Paris.....	11 45 a.m	11 00 p.m	5 28 p.m
Arr. Winchester.....	12 50 p.m	11 40 p.m	6 10 p.m
" Lancaster.....	2 00 p.m		7 25 p.m
Arr. Frankfort.....	2 58 p.m		8 45 p.m
Lve. Richmond.....	2 05 p.m		
Arr. Berea.....	3 30 p.m		
" Livingston.....	6 00 a.m		

NORTH-BOUND.

No. 11.

No. 3.

No. 1.

Ex. Sun.

Ex

Stanford, Ky., April 6, 1886

W. P. WALTON.

It is absolutely disgusting to read the weak attempts to make capital for themselves now indulged in by the lawmakers both in Congress and in the Legislature, on the labor question. Little ayes, who have nothing to entitle them to public notice except the length of their ears and their ability to bray, are trying to make a record that will catch the vote of the poor, down-trodden laboring man and give themselves another lease of power to draw the public pap. All the talk in the Kentucky Legislature about convict labor is the sheerest nonsense and demagogery and those who air themselves mostly on it are doing it solely for their own advancement. The same may be said about those Congressmen who voted and argued for the O'Neill arbitration bill, which, notwithstanding its doubtful constitutionality and the demoralizing effects on labor which would result from its becoming a law, passed the House by the overwhelming vote of 195 to 30. Col. Breckinridge was the only Kentucky Congressman who had the courage to vote against it.

BECAUSE the managers of the Missouri Pacific will not take them back in a body, the Knights of Labor are still on a strike, though freight trains are being run by new men, with no great show of opposition except at two or three points. At Fort Worth, Texas, a sheriff and posse, who were assisting in sending out a train were fired on by the strikers and a battle ensued resulting in the killing outright of one officer and the fatal wounding of two others. Three of the attacking party were also wounded. This outrage should be punished if it takes the whole power of the State to bring the perpetrators to justice. Starting in with a fancied grievance the Knights are effectively driving away even that small amount of sympathy felt for them and bringing an organization which might be of much good into meritless contempt.

THE Mason & Foard Company deny in a letter addressed to the General Assembly the statement made by the packed committee sent to investigate the treatment of the convicts at Greenwood, and say they can abundantly prove that nearly every allegation as to the cruel methods of dealing with the men in their charge can be refuted by witnesses more competent to testify than the convicts and others chosen by the committee. They claim that they had no notice of the investigation and when they learned of it went at once and asked to present their side of the case but were refused any show of justice at all. They therefore ask to be heard before being convicted of such damaging charges and to this right they are certainly entitled.

THE sentiment in favor of the enactment of a whipping-post law is growing all over the State and if the Legislature does its duty it will pass such a law. The Midway Capper makes a good point when it says: "The law no doubt would be productive of much good in more ways than one, and save much expense and perhaps embarrassment to prison managers as well. Labor strikes and riots would diminish and 'bonest labor' have nothing to howl about if they received thirty-nine stripes and thereby remained outside the wall, to raise a row about the employment of those inside. Let us have the 'post'."

THE Banner says Mr. Warren and this paper both want Pulaski cut off of the district and adds "it knows a thing or two that will ring unpleasantly in our ears if this matter is not settled in an honorable way." What can the fellow mean? If you have anything in your little squirt gun shoot it off, Owens, and relieve your mind. You are evidently laboring under a hallucination or you are worried. If anybody here wants Pulaski cut off and will go to Frankfort to lobby for it, we are not aware of it and do not believe such a mortal exists. Tell us all you know, Owens, that's a good boy.

THE Ohio River is getting on a tremendous tear and fears that it will reach the height of the floods of two years ago are entertained. It is already up into the streets at Cincinnati and Louisville and great damage is being done. At last accounts it was still rising with the prospect of continuing to do so. The floods have done great damage at Chattanooga, Nashville and other points South and much desolation exists. The losses foot up into the millions and in some places government aid is invoked. The prospect is gloomy for a fact.

It is said that the report that Judge Pryor would not be a candidate to succeed himself as Appellate Judge is unauthorized and that he will make the race, which will not be bad for two years. He is a mighty good man.

THE Advocate has enlarged a column all around to keep up with the demands for its advertising space, a pretty good sign of deserved prosperity.

THE public debt was decreased \$14,087-\$84 during the month of March and the total debt less cash in the Treasury is \$1,442,080,119.

J. Cabeal Breckinridge, a son of the late Gen. John C., has been appointed Surveyor General of Washington Territory.

—The Senate passed the bill introduced by Mr. Calton appropriating \$500,000 for the erection of a monument to Abraham Lincoln at Washington.

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

—Both houses have passed a bill to increase the pay of jailers for dieting prisoners from 50 to 60 cents.

—The House bill requiring that teachers of the common schools shall be paid monthly was agreed to by the Senate.

—The Senate has passed the House bill appropriating \$120,000 for the Branch Penitentiary and levying an additional tax of 3½ cents on the \$100 to raise it.

—A bill requiring County Courts to establish a north and south line in each county in the State, and requiring surveyors and any person surveying under orders of a court to be governed thereby, passed the Senate.

—The Committee to investigate the conduct of the Lexington Lunatic Asylum and the charge against Superintendent Chenuel, presented a report sustaining the Dr. and approving the management of the institution.

NOTES OF CURRENT EVENTS.

—The Ohio river at Louisville was 23 feet and rising yesterday.

—A Pittsburg, Pa., boy of 8 stabbed and killed another of 12.

—There are 150 inmates in the Feeble Minded Institute at Frankfort.

—Barnum's treasurer, Sinclair, has decamped with \$36,500 of his funds.

—The Court of Appeals has decided the Auditor's agent unconstitutional.

—Berry Spears, colored, fell into the river at Williamsburg, and was drowned.

—It is said that Secretary Manning will resign within 30 days on account of his health.

—Three chambermaids were roasted to death by a fire in the Planters' Hotel St. Louis.

—George Hearst, the new Senator from California, is said to have an income of \$2,000 a day.

—The soldiers have been ordered to Fort Worth and the strikers will hardly tackle them.

—The President has nominated Mrs. Jamesette H. Dickson as postmistress at Harrisburg.

—There was a fall of over 12 inches of snow on the upper Peninsula of Michigan during the snap last week.

—Maj. Gen. Schofield succeeds to the command of the Department of the Atlantic, vice Hancock, deceased.

—By the crushing in of the roof of a theatre at Hermal, Japan, 150 persons were killed and many others wounded.

—Emma Norman, the country girl who shot Henry Arnold, her betrayer, was acquitted of murder in a Memphis court.

—The Iowa Legislature has passed a bill prohibiting alien non-residents from acquiring titles to real estate in that State.

—A local option election occurs in Richmond, Va., April 26, and the excitement bids fair to run as high as it did in Atlanta.

—Laura Holly, alias Ida Reed, who shot and killed Al Bennett, at Memphis, died Sunday morning of wounds inflicted by her own hand.

—Gen. Pope left San Francisco on his journey into retirement in a special train. Time was when he was glad to retire with his baggage train.

—George Scovill, who defended his brother-in-law, Guiteau, has been sent to jail in Chicago in default of the payment of \$15 weekly alimony to his divorced wife.

—Judge Posey, just nominated for county judge in Anderson county, has enjoyed an uninterrupted term of office for the past twenty years, never having suffered defeat.

—Master Workman Powderly says that if the names of strikers who destroyed railroad property are reported to him, they will be expelled from the Order of Knights of Labor.

—The President nominated the Rev. Allen Allensworth, a colored man of Kentucky, to be Chaplain of the Twenty-fourth Infantry, which is one of the four colored regiments.

—Judge John Baxter, of Tennessee, United States Judge of the Sixth Judicial District, composed of the States of Tennessee, Kentucky, Ohio and Michigan, died at Hot Springs in his 65th year.

—The prospects for the early construction of the Elizabethtown & Hodgenville railroad are very promising indeed. The road will be about eleven miles in length and will cost about \$175,000.—[News.]

—The manager of the Jockey Club Pool room and his employees at Louisville have been arrested at the demand of the Law and Order Club and a legal test of the new gambling law will begin to-day.

—Jeff Wilson (colored) was hanged at Lexington, Mo., for murdering Jane Sanford, his mulatto mistress, July 31, 1884. He spent half an hour on the gallows singing hymns and declaring he would soon be with God.

—Sunday, at Jellico, Tenn., Miss Martha Peace, an estimable young lady, was to have received the rite of baptism, but failing to appear, investigation showed that she had been drowned two days before in a stream several miles from Jellico.

—It has been decided to hereafter feed the animals in Central Park, New York, on horse flesh instead of beef. A slaughterhouse has been fitted up in a remote part of the park, and here the horses will be killed. It is said that the cost in feeding the animals on horse flesh will not be one-third of what it is to provide beef for them.

—A break-up in the Gladstone Cabinet is believed to be imminent, four of the leading members refusing to assent to any measure giving Ireland control of the customs, and threatening to resign if such a measure be insisted upon by Mr. Gladstone.

—Chairman Miller, of the House Committee on Banking and Currency, has been instructed to report favorably his bill providing for the issue of \$25,000,000 in silver certificates of the denomination of one dollar; \$50,000,000 in certificates of the two-dollar denomination.

—Gov. Knott has pardoned O. D. Brown, sentenced to the penitentiary for fourteen years by the Woodford Circuit Court for killing George Freeman, Town Marshal of Versailles, in June, 1883. The jury which convicted Brown reached a conclusion by casting lots, on which ground the pardon was granted.

—The unreasonable demands of striking laborers in all parts of the country, together with their demonstrations of lawlessness have effectually driven public sympathy from them. They have attempted to make the boycott a weapon and it has wounded only themselves. In a free country like this the tyranny of labor and capital alike will not be countenanced.—[Breckenridge News.]

—At the primary in Mercer Saturday, John Hughes beat Vance Wilson, the present incumbent, for county judge about 500 votes. Bush Allen beat Richard Board who had been circuit clerk for twenty-four years, about 500 votes. James Waggoner beat Paxton, present jailer, by a good majority. Wm. Alexander downed several competitors for assessor. A general row occurred at Cornishville, in which several persons were wounded.

HUSTONVILLE, LINCOLN COUNTY.

—Do not forget the sale of our fine mill advertised for the 10th inst.

—The topic of the time is of course high water. Our classic stream has striven hard to get up a sensation, but without success.

—In consequence of the unfavorable weather our town is unusually dull. The country people do not come in and of course we get no news from the rural regions.

—The County Superintendent would be glad to meet the representatives of as many school districts as possible in Stanford on Saturday to supply them with census blanks.

—We hear of a sad event as having occurred in Dunnville, in Casey county, last Wednesday. Young Ad Jones was visiting friends here on Saturday and Sunday, apparently in good health and spirits. A day or two after his return home he put a pistol to his head and killed himself. I have heard no surmises as to the cause of the fatal act.

—Our genial townsmen, Jim Taylor, disposed of the remainder of his household goods on Saturday preparatory to his departure. We shall miss him sadly. In fact there are symptoms of a considerable exodus from our end of the county. The Misses Logan have gone. Wm. Floyd is in the far West. Col. Weatherford, McAlister, Johnson, Jasper and probably others are preparing to go. All these are first-class citizens and each will leave a blank in our community.

GARRARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT.

Lancaster.

—Mrs. Simeon Johnstone died Saturday at her home in this county of consumption. Her remains were interred Sunday.

—The wife of Mr. James Prather, Sr., died Sunday morning at her home near Buckeye in this county, of apoplexy, in the 65th year of her life.

—Miss Sue Cozzat, of Parksville, was the guest of Mrs. James Dillon last week. Mrs. L. F. Huble is visiting friends in New Castle, Ky. Col. Ed Leavell is on the sick list this week. Mr. Ben Pherigo is seriously ill.

—In response to a telegram from Gen. Castleman, Lieut. W. J. Kinnaird, of the Owley Rifles, met that gentleman at Junction City Thursday night and together they went to Greenwood, where Mr. Kinnaird took charge of some troops from Bowling Green.

—Miss Anna Vaughan has returned from Christianburg and will begin teaching this (Monday) morning at Locust Grove school-house, a short distance from town. Miss Anna has a legion of friends here who will be delighted to hear of her return.

—Sunday's Courier-Journal contained the pleasing (?) intelligence that the Owley Rifles will be ordered to Greenwood this week. It begins to look like a "cheat" when anything of this kind is said considering the many paragraphs of this kind that appear and all to no effect. If the Owley Rifles are to be ordered out for goodness' sake do it.

—On response to a telegram from Gen. Castleman, Lieut. W. J. Kinnaird, of the Owley Rifles, met that gentleman at Junction City Thursday night and together they went to Greenwood, where Mr. Kinnaird took charge of some troops from Bowling Green.

—I have just received a very large and elegantly selected stock of millinery and desire the ladies of Crab Orchard and vicinity to call and examine it. Mrs. W. G. Edmiston.

—A bewitching little blonde "is picking a crow" with me for failing to mention her sweetheart's visit here recently, so the next time he comes I will tell who Jim is, and who is Jim's pretty sweetheart.

—Our Sick.—F. W. Dillon's youngest daughter, Lockie, is very bad with pneumonia. Dr. J. D. Pettus is bed-fest from exposure and over work. Mrs. W. P. Tatman, Oliver Dillon and Mrs. Brooks are slowly recovering.

—The croakers who have been fearing for Mr. Ottenheimer's colony had better begin to take some lessons in enterprise from them. They are now, and have for some time been eating radishes, lettuce and other vegetables of their own growing.

—Have just learned of the burial of Mr. Harry P. Middleton, at Walnut Flat today. He was in former years a citizen of this county, but latterly had lived in the coal regions of the mountains. He died at his sister's, Mrs. Dr. Harlan, in Danville. And Mrs. Adeline Hobbs, who died at her home near Preachersville. She was the mother of a large family, and like Mr. Middleton, was related to many of the

best people in this county as well as many scattered abroad in other States. How the readers of this paper far away in other States must be pained by these three funerals in this end of the county this gloomy April day. May we be spared from sending them another so sad a chapter while doing service as correspondent for this paper.

—Early yesterday morning our people, without a single exception, were deeply grieved to learn of the sudden death of Mrs. Wm. Stuart. As wife, mother, neighbor and friend, no better or more noble woman ever lived in this or any other community. She was a woman of fine mental faculties, endowed with those gifts, rarely combined in one person—to make herself useful, gentle, charitable and that winning motherly kindness to all that so endears such a woman and makes her loss so painfully felt and her place impossible to fill. To say the family have the sympathy of all who know them, would fail to express the grief and depth of feeling all entertain, and a better solace to them is, the christian life she lived which can not fail to be rewarded by Him who so faithfully served.

—J. C. King has been on a visit to Louisville. G. W. James and J. W. James have returned from the city markets where they bought spring goods. Miss Louisa James, one of C. O.'s most deservedly popular and handsome ladies, is home from a visit to friends in Danville. J. E. Carson left for Missouri and Kansas last week with a car load of Jersey cows and heifers to sell in that market, and to look at the country. We hope he will not be so well pleased as to locate there, as he is too good a citizen to lose. Rev. C. C. Green, of Louisville, has moved to J. L. Slavin's property near the depot, this place. J. L. Slavin has moved his family to Luthersheim. Dwight Hardin, prince of Luthersheim, was in C. O. Sunday. Miss Josie Moore, of Cincinnati, O., is at Crab Orchard Springs for her health.

LAND, STOCK AND CROP.

—A red Young Mary yearling bull for sale. F. Reid, Stanford.

—I have a number of young bulls for sale. A. M. Feland, Stanford.

—IKE Shelby, Jr., sold to Joe Johnson, of Boyle, a bunch of 2 year-old cattle at 5 cents.

—J. L. Coyar bought 150 barrels of corn in Woodford at \$2 and 10,000 pounds of hemp at \$5.75.—[Clipper.]

—The beet-sugar product of the world exceeds that of cane-sugar by nearly 450,000 tons annually. A low average of beet is fifteen tons to the acre, which yields 3,000 pounds to the acre, worth at seven cents, \$210.—[Boston Post.]

—Several Woodford county farmers have sold their lambs to Weihl, of Lexington, for \$4 each, to be delivered from the 1st to the 10th of June. Geo. Moore, of near Plum Lick, has contracted for 250 lambs of June delivery, at 5 cents per pound—none to weigh under the customary 60 pounds.—[Bourbon news.]

—The snow storm kept the usually large crowd from court yesterday and it was a dull day generally. Capt. Bush reports about 200 inferior scrub cattle on the market but few sales. Bidding very slow. Those that sold brought 3 to 3½ cents. Some work oxen sold from \$75 to \$100 per yoke. A few plow horses sold at from \$40 to \$75.

—Owing to the snow storm that prevailed all day yesterday, many owners of stallions decided to bring them to town and those brought were not shown on the street. Nunnelley's livery stable was well filled however, and many breeders were there making examinations: C. T. Sandidge's Second Jewel, a beautiful bay and one of the finest stallions in the State, was on hand; E. S. Powell did not show his stallion but brought his fine Jack, Bob McElroy; A. T. Nunnelley's Danville Wilkes, a splendid mahogany bay was at home to his friends; Tom Robinson's fine Vermont Hamiltonian was there and attracted much attention; C. L. Crow's Nobby, the great sire of trotters and roadsters, showed up handsomely; S. H. Baughman exhibited his Messenger Chief and St. Martin, a splendid pair, and two jacks, Pate Embry and Cleveland; Took Hubble had his Enoch Arden; R. Gentry and sons, their Gambetta, a fine bred animal; A. T. Hutchings, West Egbert, a bay of good style and action and Smith Baughman showed his jack, Proctor Knott. Among the horses noticed for their absence were Wray & Wakefield's Norman, Champo, who will also stand their jack; Boston; J. E. and J. R. Farris' full brothers, Gilt Edge and Silver King, but these gentlemen were around advertising them on all occasions; Levi Hubble very wisely left his three fine stallions, On Time, Cleveland and Talmage, and his fine jacks, Black Hawk, Phil Thompson, Jo Blackburn and Brigham Young, at home, but was on hand telling what they could do. All the horse fanciers regretted that the show could not come off.

—Some of the best corn lands in Indiana are the bottoms of ponds which have been drained, but in certain of these the working of the soil on warm days causes an intolerable itching, followed by burning pain in the skin for some days. The cause of this is found to be the minute spicules of sponges which once grew in the pond and remain in enormous abundance in the dust.

—Robert Morris, a Georgia murderer, has been sentenced to be hanged on April 16. When the

Semi-Weekly Interior Journal

Stanford, Ky., April 6, 1886

E. C. WALTON. - Business Manager.

L. & N. LOCAL TIME CARD.

Mail train going North.....	1 55 P. M.
" South.....	12 15 P. M.
Express train.....	1 52 A. M.
" " North.....	2 05 A. M.

The above is calculated on standard time. Solar time is about 20 minutes faster.

LOCAL NOTICES.

LANDRETH's Garden Seeds at McRoberts & Stagg's.

LANDRETH's garden seed in bulk and packages at Penny & McAlister's.

WATCHES and Jewelry repaired on short notice and warranted by Penny & McAlister.

BUY the Haas Hog Remedy, the original and only genuine, from Penny & McAlister.

A COMPLETE stock of jewelry, latest styles, and watches a specialty. Penny & McAlister.

PERSONAL.

MRS. HELEN HUFFMAN, of Hustonville, is visiting Mrs. L. F. Huffman.

MISS ANNIE HOLMES, of Crab Orchard, is visiting at Mrs. Dr. J. G. Carpenter's.

MISS MABEL WRIGHT, of the Milledgeville neighborhood, is visiting Miss Tillie Hall.

MR. AND MRS. U. H. PARK, of Richmond, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. H. Bruce.

THOMAS RICE, Esq., of Lebanon, was here Sunday, the guest of his brother, Mr. Joe Rice.

MRS. J. E. HUFFMAN, an old hand at the business, has been helping Circuit Clerk Bailey for several days.

MISS GRACE WARNER, of Indianapolis, is visiting Miss Eva Smiley, on Lancaster street. A train dispatcher is hereby Warned! that everything is in running order.

"LIGE" BURNSIDE is a runner from away back. He got 30 or 40 more votes for Councilman than the next highest candidate. He will represent the 4th ward, and ought to be chosen Mayor.

MR. J. B. FEZZ the INTERIOR JOURNAL correspondent, has been appointed gauger and storekeeper by Collector Bronston and assigned to duty at the distillery of E. M. Denny in this county. - [London Leader.]

LOCAL MATTERS.

FUN. - Bourne's new advertisement.

BEST CANNED GOODS at Waters & Raney's.

I HAVE just received a fine line of spring goods. Come and see them. S. H. Shanks.

TRY our Proctor Knott Patent Flour, it is the best and cheapest. Metcalf & Foster.

A NICE new room on Lancaster street suitable for an office or a small business for rent. Apply to W. P. Walton.

TOMORROW at the residence of the bride's father, Eld. Joseph Ballou will unite in marriage Mr. Thomas McRoberts and Miss Mary Smith.

THE House has passed the Senate bill authorizing the Town Council to sell bonds, not exceeding \$3,000 worth to pay existing indebtedness and to provide street lamps.

JUDGE LEE, of Danville, overruled the motion of Albert Salles for bail and he will remain in jail till next September, when he will be tried for the murder of Bell Caldwell.

THE jury in the Hughes-Carpenter case, after being held till Friday afternoon, were discharged as they were unable to agree. Nine favored a verdict for Carpenter and three for Miss Hughes.

N. SID PLATT, the prince of shirt makers and the bane of gent's furnishing goods generally, wishes his memory kept green in this section and consequently has engaged for space in this paper for half a year or so. An amusing illustration of his appears elsewhere.

A WASHINGTON dispatch says that Junius Rochester, formerly of Stanford, has been practicing law at Seattle, Washington Territory, with some success. He has been recently bound over by the United States Commissioner to await the action of the grand jury for alleged participation in the late Chinese riots.

JUDGE OWSLEY passed sentence yesterday on seven men convicted at this term of Court and they will go in a few days to swell the grand army at Frankfort. None of them had anything to say except Zale Campbell, who admitted he had a fair trial, but was sure the jury did not know all about the case as he did or they would not have sent him up.

It again becomes our pleasant duty to acknowledge the receipt of and tender our thanks for a splendid sample of butter. Mrs. G. C. Lyon sent us five pounds of her manufacture a few days ago, which is certainly entitled to the blue ribbon. It bore the brand "Lyndale Dairy Farm Butter" with the letters G. C. L. in monogram, and the cakes were as faultless in appearance as they were toothsome and savory. Mrs. Lyon has a number of Shorthorns and Alderneys and makes about 20 pounds of butter per week for sale, which is always in demand at the highest price. We would never care for a creamery if we could get such butter all the time.

SEED sweet potatoes at T. R. Walton's.

PLOWS.—At any price. Metcalf & Foster.

BRUCE & McROBERTS have the most complete line of men's fine shoes we have ever seen in Stanford both in machine and hand sewed.

I HAVE returned after a two weeks' stay in Louisville, with full line of spring millinery. Ladies are invited to call and see it. Opening April 8, 9 and 10. Miss Suade Besley.

THE City Council, now about to retire, did some excellent work during its administration and leaves some lasting improvements to mark it. We do not know how costly the execution of its plans has been, but most of the amount spent has been well expended, judging from appearances.

SUNDAY as Sept. G. E. Evans' special train was returning to Louisville from a trip over the Branch it struck a cow near Coon Hollow, and the baggage and private car were thrown from the track. Nobody was hurt, but the wrecking train from Rowland had to go down and get things in shape before the train could proceed.

On Saturday as Messrs. W. H. and Tom Traylor were firing up to make sour mash their boiler burst and caught them between it and the wall bruising them up considerably. Mr. Tom Traylor had one of his ears nearly cut off and sustained several other injuries. W. H. Traylor had his nose badly bruised besides a severe cut under the eye.

For nearly a week there has been a steady down pour of rain, but while the whole face of the earth is saturated with water, there has been no serious damage in this locality. The streams have been high but not unusually so. Yesterday a chilly East wind blew and a pretty heavy snow for the season fell, making it look little like the spring time had come.

Two gentlemen of color, Brent Hays and Charlie Stigall, had a heated dispute Saturday, one asserting that his credit was better in town than the other. The argument wound up in Stigall throwing a brick bat at Hays, which struck him on the head and made a serious wound. Stigall is just out of the penitentiary, having served a term for a most disgusting crime, and it was but natural for Hays to resent the assertion that his standing in the community was inferior to that of such a villain.

It will devolve on the new Council to elect a Marshal. The present incumbent, our friend, G. B. Cooper, the democratic nominee for county clerk of Lincoln, will have no opposition. An opponent would have little show for success as Mr. Cooper is justly popular and will carry the full vote of his party. - [Junction City Herald.]

DEATHS.

CIRCUIT COURT.—The trial of Zuley Sunday of Bright's disease, aged 60. He was at one time in five circumstances and among the most popular men in the county. At the beginning of the war we was sheriff of this county and acquitted himself creditably in those most trying times. He was born near Crab Orchard and lived most of his life on his farm near Walnut Flat, to which his remains were taken yesterday for interment.

Died, at his home on Main street, at 1 o'clock yesterday morning, Mr. George Myers, aged 51 years. His disease was an affection of the heart and his suffering at times was terrible. He could not lie down and died sitting in a chair. A good hearted, clever man, he was generally liked and respected. A few years ago he joined the Baptist church and had since tried to live a Christian. A wife alone survives him and in her lonely widowhood she has the sympathy of many friends. The funeral will occur at the Baptist church to day at 2 o'clock Interment in Buffalo Cemetery

RELIGIOUS.

The Southern Baptist Convention will meet May 7 at Montgomery, Ala.

Elder Stephen Collier will begin a protracted meeting at Cherry Grove church on Rowland next Thursday night, 8th.

The Rev. Richard D. Harlan, son of Justice Harlan, of the Supreme Court, was ordained pastor of the First Presbyterian church, New York, Thursday evening.

Rev. J. M. Bruce will preach at the Fork Church, Garrard, at 11 A. M. and at Lancaster at 3:30 P. M. next Sunday. A full attendance of the members at both places is requested.

Dr. L. H. Bisont, chancellor of the Central University at Richmond, is a worker.

During the last 60 days he has raised by subscription \$100,000 for the enlargement and improvement of the institution, which is now in the most flourishing condition.

Sam Jones and Sam Small closed their Chicago meetings Sunday evening before an audience of 10,000 people. A collection was taken which, added to the sum hitherto agreed upon, will give each of the evangelists \$3,000 for their month's labors in the wicked city.

CLEVELAND AND TALMAGE,

And four Jacks at my own stable. The old Madison Jack, o.d.

Black Hawk, Phil Thompson, Joe Black-burn and Brigham Young,

Cots of Prince, the bob-tailed Jack, all at \$10 to insure colts our way until weaning time.

A lass retained on all colts for the season.

Description—The Prince is a deep bay, 10 hands and fancy marks.

Pedigree—Call and see the horses and jacks and see what they can do.

112-lv

I solicit a share of your patronage Respectfully.

I. M. BRUCE.

On Time,

The w. i. proven breeder and ready stable w. i. make the season of 1886 at

William Hubble's.

On Time's two sons,

We give away prizes in fine Glassware with every package of the Crystal Baking Powder sold by us.

Send to us for Irish Potato, Onion Sets and all kinds Garden Seeds.

We have a comprehensive line of Plain and Fancy.

Harness, Saddles and Bridles, also Plow and Wagon Harness,

Manufactured and warranted by the reliable firm of W. R. Carson & Son, whose work stands the test every time. Price satisfactory, always. Come to see us.

WATERS & RANEY.

—H. C. RUPLEY,

MERCHANT TAILOR.

I have received and still receiving

New Goods for Spring and Summer,

Comprising the best in the market, which will be

Gotten Up in Style and Make Second to None in City or Country.

Give Me a Trial.

H. C. RUPLEY.

Wall Paper,

Furniture,

Cases, Caskets, Robes.

Full and Complete Stock of the above and prices

as low as the lowest.

B. K. WEAREN, Stanford.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE—Good Shingle Mill with 8-inch Trough, a 3-horse power Engine and a 36-inch Belted Complete. MART. SMITH, Stanford, Ky.

Owner Wanted!

I have at my farm a 14 hands high Claybank Mule, which was taken up as an stray. The owner can get him by paying for his keeping and this advertisement.

B. W. GAINES, Shelby City, Ky.

113-1t

BROWN JIM!

Will make the season of 1886 at my stable at

88 to Insure a Living Colt.

Brown Jim was sired by Mambrino King, he by Mambrino Patchen, he by Old Mambrino Messenger. 1st dam by Arabian horse, pedigree unknown; 2d dam by Steamboat; dam of Mambrino King a Native Forest mare.

I will also stand a good Jack ROUGH AND READY, Jr., at \$8 to insure a living colt, mostly black, colt is half-bred to a mare part Arabian. He is 14½ hands high and was sired by Stigell's Rough and Ready, he by Old Gabe, he by Peter's Blind Black Hawk, he by Mason's Black Hawk, he by Royal Mammoth. Dam of Rough and Ready was 12 years old, by Imp. Mambrino, pedigree unknown; 2d dam by Imported Rockingham.

Stigell's Rough and Ready was bred by Mr. J. Baughman, Sr. He was 16 hands high and a very fine animal.

G. C. GIVENS.

113-4w

—BUY THE—

THE MOUND-BUILDERS.

SACRIFICIAL AND EFFIGY MOUNDS IN WISCONSIN AND ELSEWHERE.

Half the Indian Mounds Pointed Out Are Not Genuine—Asiatic Origin of the People Who Mined Copper in the Lake Superior Region.

In the realms of archaeology and ancient history there are many shapeless things that give to the mind no clew by which they can be identified, but no figure in the whole gamut is more vague than an Indian mound. One authority speaks of an Indian mound as a common grave, such as one meets with in any cemetery. The average farmer, driving his city guest over country roads, points with his whip into an adjacent field at a circular hillock, with the base like a charcoal pit and rising more gradually to a point near the top, saying: "That's an Indian mound." As the guest shows his interest in the subject and strains his eyes to catch sight of the object, the accommodating farmer keeps pointing out the mounds every little way. In truth, half the mounds pointed out are not genuine, or if they are no one knows about it, as they have never been opened. It is scarcely plausible to assert that the Indians passed all their time building mounds. If they did, they might have been in better business.

A traveler who has ridden, fast and far in company with inventive drivers, and who has had things palmed off on him as Indian mounds that would have made the builders turn in their graves, had an interview with an eminent searcher after mounds on the subject. He said that he was convinced, as far as any one could be convinced, when tangible proofs were wanting, of the Asiatic origin of the people who mined their copper on the south shore of Lake Superior and earlier still on Isle Royale, and who built what is known as Aztec. "There is great variety of mounds in the state," he said, "but all divisions that have been made yet are not to be depended on. The earliest that were built were the sacrificial mounds and the rounds of adoration. The latter were built so that the rising and setting sun could be seen from them. They were invariably built round. The sacrificial mounds were square, as their remains indicate. The size of the mounds depended on the ease with which the soil could be moved. There are also round mounds in which a great many skeletons are found when they are opened.

SACRIFICAL, EFFIGY AND BURIAL MOUNDS.
The sacrificial mounds are not very plenty in this part of the state, nor, in fact, any part. The remains of one are located on the east bank of the Chippewa river, near Beef Slough, and another on the point of land at the confluence of the Red Cedar and Chetek rivers, in northern Wisconsin. A path of effigy mounds has been traced from Chetek lake to Cedar lake, in Barron county. In a swamp west of Chetek lake, flooded by water now, is the old road the early caravans used to travel. These traces are all that remain of the race that worked the early copper mines on Lake Superior. In Wisconsin by far the larger proportion are effigy mounds, while in Ohio the animal mounds do not probably number a half-dozen, and the largest one of them is entirely separated from the inclosures. Two bird mounds occur in Putnam county, Georgia. With these exceptions the effigy mounds belong to one locality and to a people who had not the characteristics of contemporary nations. It is also probable that the people who built the mounds were not the same who constructed the burial mounds. It is the remains of the effigy mounds that we want the state to appropriate money to pursue.

"How much land would it take?" "About 300 acres in different parts of the state." It is the square mounds that are the most significant, as their relative positions show the way the people traveled." Alluding to the magnitude of the work done by this strange people, he said that the excavation on Isle Royale, Lake Superior, showed that thousands of men had worked there at a time.

"Whole cartloads of hammers were found there. In Ontonagon county and at Keweenaw Point on the south shore of the lake, the excavation extends for fifty miles. The Indians of the present day are a different race, for the work of the copper mines was abandoned several hundred years ago. In fact, it is by theory that the conquest of Mexico by Cortes and the shutting down of work in the copper mines was at the same time"—Milwaukee Wisconsin.

The Tailless Cattle of Florida.
"I noticed the other day some cattle he's in Jacksonville, and thought that, aside from their leanness, and diminutive size, there was something else peculiar about them, and studied for some time, until I suddenly discovered there were some of them minus tails; others looked as though they had about half of that useful appendage cut off. In a country where flies and mosquitos are so plentiful as they must be here, I should think it no less than downright cruelty for people to treat the poor creatures in this shameless manner."

My remarks were greeted with a roar of laughter. "Bless your heart, my young friend, the people don't do that; it's the alligators."

"Alligators," said I, astonished. "How can that be?"

"Oh, they grab them when the are feeding in the water. You see them creep up so quietly that the cattle do not notice their approach, and the first thing the animal is aware of is a jerk in the rear. He tries to get away, but it is no use; the harder he pulls the tighter the alligator holds on, until the appendage gives way, and the conqueror swims off happy." —The Present.

What Disraeli Wrote of Webster.

He is a giant of Daniel Webster and the usual epithets with which Disraeli writes of Americans: "I dined with Lynhurst recently to meet Webster, who is, I believe, consider'd a very refined and spiritual Yankee, but seemed to me a complete Brother Jonathan—a remarkable twang, as ty-rannical; and all that; he also goes to the levee. A fine brown, broad, and bearded—deep-set eyes and a swarthy complexion. He is said, when warmed, to be the greatest orator. Strangford was there, very airy and sparkling; all the rest Americans and principally relatives. A good story, and true. Birmingham asked Webster to dine with him, and sent him a card next day, headed 'To remind.' Webster immediately answered by another card, headed 'To acknowledge.' Very American, don't you think?" —Ex-charge.

Damages Done by Foreign Railways.
French railways annually kill one passenger in every 2,000,000 carried; English railways one in every 21,500,000. French railways annually wound one passenger in every 500,000 carried; English, one in 750,000; Belgian, one in 1,60,000 and Prussian, one in 4,000,000. —Exchange.

Words Used in Every-Day Speech.
Ordinary every-day English speech employs only about 1,200 words, according to a stenographer who has made a careful examination of the matter.

WANTED A BROILED BEEFSTEAK.

A Sacred Subject to a Texas Hotel-Keeper

—Indignant Cowboys—Silenced.

At San Antonio—storied San Antonio, where Davy Crockett fell, and Maj. Bowie fell, and where cruel Santa Anna made the Alamo slippery with the best blood of America—classy San Antonio, the next oldest city in America after St. Augustine—at San Antonio, I was going on to say, some of the cowboys persuaded a western-bound old gentleman to call for a broiled beefsteak. And surely it is an innocent thing to ask for a broiled beefsteak. For is not this the great cattle land? It is true we have no milk here. It is likewise true that the tons and hundreds of tons of oleomargarine which Chicago blandly professes to ship to New York is shipped to Texas, and even so far as down here in Chihuahua, Mexico. But why may a man not ask for a broiled beefsteak in classic and storied San Antonio without having a fight on his hands?

Beause—simply because the old man who keeps the cowboy hotel here, and where so many of the honest travelers go to find the cowboy in all his glory, does not believe in "burning up" a beefsteak, as he calls it. He is an old man and an honest man, he says, and has kept a hotel for forty years; and he says: "A man that will broil a beefsteak will steal a horse. Fry it; yes, sah, fry it in its native trailer! Sam Houston fried his steak; so did Davy Crockett; so did Maj. Bowie, sah." You must understand that the cowboys, knowing the old man's peculiarity on this theme, the sacred subject of beefsteak, had many a time before taken strangers there with their heads full of praise for the broiled beefsteak of this ancient and not very elegant hotel. You must also bear in mind that Bob Ingerson has a tremendous following when he says he "would hang a man for frying a beefsteak sooner for murder." This meek old man with a white necktie, whom the cowboys had persuaded to go to this old hotel to get a broiled beefsteak, was one of Bob Ingerson's disciples, so far as frying a beefsteak was concerned. And his face was a bouquet of smiles as we all sat down; and he murmured a blessing to his plate, and then lifted his head, and, all sweetly, asked the venerable host of the ancient hotel for one of his famous broiled beefsteaks!

Put in the examination points here, for I can do no justice to what followed: The cowboys rolled to the floor, and roared as the planet Venus. It is not yet certain that both comets will be visible at the same time in the same quarter of the heavens, but it is possible that that unusual spectacle may occur. —[Harford Times.]

A white gorilla is on exhibition at the Bay Aquarium at Westminster. Whether the animal is a true species or a highly-developed cross-bred is a question for the naturalists. Its height is about 26 inches, and its age probably three or four years. Its body and limbs, both arms and legs, are almost free from hair, and it has no tail.

The animal is very gentle and affectionate, clasping the keeper around the neck and hugging him like a child. It drinks from a tumbler and has a most intelligent manner. It is housed in a large, hand-some cage or chamber with an entire glass front. —[St. Louis Republicen.]

Sam Jones says: "I want a revival of honesty. I would get things honest or do without. I'm down on homesteads and bankrupt laws. The idea of a man boarding with his wife in a fine house and being a guest for her. [Laughter.] My! M! An agent for his wife! Sister, why don't have his name changed and make him take your name? [Laughter] I tell you the man who lives in luxury at the expense of others and owes money to the poor, will go to hell sure."

The B priests of Georgia are railing over their capture of Chief Justice O. A. Loechene for years an Episcopalian. He is an active prohibitionist, and was therefore thrown into the society of the Rev. J. B. Hawthorne, a B prier pulpit orator of local fame. After the election which resulted in thorough victory for the prohibitionists the preacher went with the Judge to his home, where wine casks and bottles were rolled out to the steets and empties. Different colors are obtained by the incorporation of suitable colors instead of the vermilion as above. To perfume sealing-wax add to the ingredients, when somewhat soft, and thoroughly incorporate with them, 1 per cent. of liquid storax or balsam of Peru, but a little musk essence or ambergris will answer the same purpose.—Boston Transcript.

The Manufacturing of Sealing-Wax.
The basis of all the different varieties of sealing-wax, a technical journal states, is shellac and Venice turpentine. Fine red sealing-wax is made as follows: Melt cautiously four ounces of very pale shellac in a bright copper pan over a clean charcoal fire at the lowest temperature of heat that will be necessary to melt it. When the shellac is melted stir it; one and one-quarter ounces of warmed Venice turpentine, and then three ounces of varnish. The heat should be so maintained as to be just sufficient to permit of the thorough incorporation of the constituents. When this latter has been effected the fluid mass is discharged into metallic moulds and allowed to cool.

To produce the beautiful polished surface of sealing-wax of commerce the sticks are removed from the moulds in which they are cast and placed in other moulds of polished steel, which may be engraved with the name or brand of the maker, and with any desired ornamentation. The steel moulds are heated just enough to melt the surface of the sealing-wax, and the sticks thus acquire, when cooled, a beautiful glossy surface. Different colors are obtained by the incorporation of suitable colors instead of the vermilion as above.

To perfume sealing-wax add to the ingredients, when somewhat soft, and thoroughly incorporate with them, 1 per cent. of liquid storax or balsam of Peru, but a little musk essence or ambergris will answer the same purpose.—Boston Transcript.

The Coolness of an Old Colonel.
The coolest man I ever knew was old Victor de St. Hilaire, the colonel of an infantry regiment that saw some service in Algeria," said Col. Henry Dubois—one of a party of French officers. "Now it happened that in Col. St. Hilaire's regiment there was a peppy young sub-lieutenant, who was not as hot as the colonel was cool. With him was always (as you English say) 'a word and a blow, and the blow first.' He had fought so many duels that the soldiers used to call him 'Sudden Death,' and to say that the best way to end the war would be for him to challenge the enemy's whole army, man by man.

"Well, one day this lieutenant had committed some fault, for which the colonel gave him such a scolding that the young fellow's hot blood couldn't bear it any longer. Quick as lightning he whipped out a pistol and fired right at St. Hilaire's face, so close that the muzzle almost touched him. But the pistol missed fire and the colonel said, quite coolly, "Forty-eight hours' arrest for not keeping your arm in proper order." "And was that all the lieutenant got?" asked a dozen voices at once, in undignified amazement. "That was all; and I can tell you that he thought it was quite enough—Ha! general, good evening. I was just telling these gentlemen how you once put me under arrest for not having my pistols in working order." —Harper's Magazine.

An Enterprising, Reliable House.
Penny & McAllister can always be relied upon not only to carry in stock the best of everything but to secure the Agency for such articles as have well-known merit, and are popular with the people, thereby sustaining the reputation of being always enterprising and ever reliable. Having secured the Agency for the celebrated Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, will sell it on a positive guarantee. It will surely cure any and every affection of the Throat, Lungs and Chest, and to show our confidence, we invite you to call and get a Trial Bottle Free.

Buckley's Arnica Salve.
The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Coras and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. I, is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Penny & McAllister.

Wonderful Cures.
W. D. Hoyt & Co., wholesale and retail Drug-gists of Rome, Ga., say: "We have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery, Electric Bitters and Buckley's Arnica Salve for two years. Have never handled goods that sell as well, or give such universal satisfaction. There have been some wonderful cures effected by these medicines in this city. Several cases of pronounced Consumption have been entirely cured by the use of a few bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery, taken in connection with Electric Bitters. We guarantee them to be genuine, as well as strong and effective."

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THE REV. GEO. H. THAYER, of Bourbon, Ind., says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to SHILOH'S CONSUMPTION CURE. For sale at M. L. Bourne's."

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MESSRS. S. B. & L. J. COOK are Agents for the John Church & Co. Pianos and Organs, which brace he follows most extensively. Knabe & Co., Hazelton Bros., Decker & Son, and Everett Pianos. Also Clough & Warren and the John Church & Co. Organs. These Instruments are made in tones of great durability and are defy co-operation with any other instrument for five years. References—a. B. Penny, Mrs. E. M. Carpenter, J. M. Phillips, J. M. Moore and James B. Bailey, Dean of Mrs. Maggie Holmes, Crab Orchard; Gen. W. J. Landers and Miss Elizabeth Huffman, Lancaster, Ky.

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INDIGESTION.
GERMAN papers call attention to a fact which might prove of interest as to American readers. Physicians and druggists, they say, are badly wanted in the East Indies, as their number there is exceedingly scarce, and the sick are many. A physician receives \$5 for an ordinary visit and \$7.50 and more for a consultation. Dentists charge \$15 to \$25 for filling a single tooth with common paste. Pharmacists who speak the English language receive from \$75 to \$200 as clerk, and if able to open up a business of their own can surely count upon making a small fortune in a short time, as in the absence of competition there is rarely no limit to charges. As the medical and pharmaceutical colleges of the U. S. turn out every year several hundred physicians and pharmacists not exactly wanted, it may not be amiss to reproduce this statement, which is well authenticated.—[Chicago Tribune.]

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